

## Birds of Lake Kerkini in Winter

Holiday Report 9-16 January 2016

Compiled by George Spiridakis



Dalmatian Pelican © P Smith

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## Introduction

The base for our holiday was Chrysohorafa, a village located within Lake Kerkini National Park, northern Greece. It is a magical area for observing wildlife and particularly birdwatching and is an internationally renowned wetland site with protected status under the Ramsar Convention. It is also one of the best places in the world to see the globally endangered Dalmatian Pelican. The Park boasts over 300 bird species. The main reason for this abundance is the richness in diverse habitats such as the lake itself fed by the Strymonas River, alpine pastures and emerald green mountains covered in forests of beech, hornbeam, oak, black pine and oriental plane. It has been widely known for its avifauna since the beginning of the 20th century. Our aim therefore was to spend a relaxing week exploring the area for birds, in the hope of seeing some of these avian delights and to offer some financial support from the proceeds of the holiday to BirdWING, who promote conservation in the area.

The guests joining Greenwings were Pete, Cynthia and Elizabeth. George Spiridakis took care of the bird guiding.

We stayed at Hotel Limneo, a small family hotel owned and run by Nikos Gallios, a committed conservationist who is doing much to promote the area for conservation and ecotourism. He attended our needs in a very calm, friendly and professional way and nothing was too much trouble for him. His rooms were all well-equipped, clean and modern, and each morning he prepared an excellent buffet breakfast from home-made or locally produced savours like Bougatsa, yoghurt, fresh bread, boiled eggs and omelettes. He also provided a picnic lunch for us each day.

Below is a brief description for each day, a gallery and a species list.



## Day 1, Saturday 9th January

On the first day I was expecting to collect Cynthia and Elizabeth first, so I went to the airport at about 14:00 where I found them quite easily in the arrivals hall. We didn't even need the sign to recognize each other, I can tell the birdwatchers at the airport quite easily and the ladies could easily imagine that I was their guide when I approached them to ask if I was right about my guess.

The weather was great with bright blue sky and temperature was quite high for winter standards.

We drove to lake Kerkini and on the way we had a flock of Rooks flying above the motorway, many Common Buzzards all the way to Kerkini and 1 Little Egret on a pond along the high way. When we arrived we had a stop at Lithotopos harbour before we went to the hotel. There we had our first views of Dalmatian Pelicans (40-50) and Pygmy Cormorants (c30).

After that stop it was already late and the sun was hidden behind the mountains and it became suddenly cold, so we drove towards the hotel. On the way we had a Great Grey Shrike and after that a stop when we saw a flock of some passerines sitting on the wires in field with corn stubble. We had a look and we were surprised to see that the birds were Water Pipits.

When we reached the village we had our first Little Owl perched on an old warehouse near our hotel.

Peter arrived late at night after our dinner, so we had to wait see him the next morning.

## Day 2, Sunday 10<sup>th</sup> January

Our first morning started with a tasty breakfast and conversation, and at about 09:00 we started our birding day. Near the hotel we spotted a Little Owl sitting on an old warehouse, providing some fantastic views and photos.



We drove the eastern bank of the lake up to its northeast end, where we had a big number of many species and brilliant views of many of them.

Waterfowl of course included Greater Flamingos (2000+), Great White Egrets and Grey Herons, Spoonbills (8), Black Storks (2), Dalmatian Pelicans (40+), Greater White fronted Geese and the extremely rare Lesser White Fronted Geese (112) of the Finnoscandian population, Greylag Geese, hundreds of Shelducks, Mallards, Teals, Gadwalls, Common Pochards (5000+), some Wigeons, Shovelers, Smews (3f), 1 Ferruginous Duck, 21 Mute Swans and nearly 100 of Yellow billed Swans from which the big majority were Bewick's with few Whoopers among them. 3 Green Sandpipers and many Lapwings were present also.



Raptors included Greater Spotted Eagles (2), Marsh Harriers (2), 3 Hen Harriers (1m, 2f), Common Buzzards (many), Sparrowhawks (3), a brief view of a Goshawk and Common Kestrels (3).

2 Great Spotted and 1 Green Woodpecker were present, at least 5 Kingfishers, Grey and White Wagtails, Water Pipits, Blue and Great Tits, Long tailed Tits, Penduline Tit was heard, flocks of Goldfinches, single Cirl Bunting and Hawfinch in flight as well.

Lunch time found us at the dyke's north-east end, at the local park. A very happy dog was doing its best tricks to get some of our lunch and it couldn't hide its excitement while we were there. The incoming rain forced us to move and we decided to visit Vironia's old train station for a coffee break at the local coffee shop there.

After a refreshing coffee we drove along the Strimonas river bank for a while and then we returned to the hotel via the eastern bank track. During the drive on the dyke we saw hundreds of Magpies going to roost plus few Water Pipits. A couple of Little Owls were perched on an old house in Limnohori village.

### Day 3, Monday 11<sup>th</sup> January

This morning there was thick mist all over the area. We set off the hotel at 09:00 again and headed to the dam. On the way to our first stop we had as usual few perched Common Buzzards plus one Great Grey Shrike.

At the dam site we had a look of the lake and part of the mountains which were not covered by mist. The visibility was good though and we managed to see our first for the trip Whiskered Terns (2) which had the winter plumage and they were flying among the hundreds of Black headed Gulls and the fewer Yellow legged Gulls. Other species were Great Crested and Little Grebes, Great and Pygmy Cormorants, Dalmatian Pelicans, Grey Herons and Great White Egrets, plus a male Black Redstart and 3 Green Sandpipers in the nearby dry canal.

The second stop was near Strimonas river, where we had the luck to see for a prolonged period a couple of Syrian Woodpeckers working on some branches. Blue and Great Tits, Chaffinches and Goldfinches were also present. At the river we saw few Dalmatian Pelicans, 6 Ferruginous Ducks, 1 male Tufted Duck, 1 female Red crested Pochard, few Common Pochards and Wigeons.

Our third stop was at a place near the lake on the foothills of Mavrovouni. Here we had 2 Goldcrests, 5+ Long tailed Tits, few Blue and Great Tits, 4 Cirl Buntings, 2 Siskins, 1 Hawfinch, 40+

Woodpigeons, 1 male Sparrowhawk which attempted 2 times to catch a passerine, some vocal Jays and plenty of Hooded Crows.

On the way to our fourth stop which was few kilometres away, at a place which we had a view of the lake and the mountain, we had 1 Hawfinch. There, we saw 3 female Smews, 4 Black-necked Grebes, 1000+ Common Pochard and 1 male Goosander. A Grey headed Woodpecker was calling for quite a long time, replying to my mediocre mimicry. At some point we saw him flying towards us but higher up in the mountain. It landed somewhere in the trees but the backlit sun and the dense vegetation didn't let us see it better.

After that we drove to Kerkini where we had our lunch at the harbour, accompanied by a flock of Goldfinches. We finished the lunch and we set to go through the west bank. The general impression was that it is somewhat quiet, though we saw some passerines including Goldcrests (2), Greenfinches (6), Hawfinch (1), Goldfinches etc. plus Hen Harrier (1f), a sort of duck species including Goldeneyes (15+), Shovelers, Pintails, Shelducks, Wigeons, Pochards etc and maybe few hundred of Avocets as well.

Our day finished with the return to Chrysohorafa and the view of 4 Little Owls in total (2 singles and 1 couple), waiting for our return.

#### **Day 4, Tuesday 12<sup>th</sup> January**

Today after breakfast we set off to visit an area quite high up on Belles mountain. Driving through the southwest road we had Song Thrushes (2) and adult Greater Flamingos (14) with beautiful rosy colour in a closer range than we had before.

During the driving on the foothills we had a stop to a place with many passerines which were feeding on the ground. A good mixture with Chaffinches, Goldfinches, Greenfinches, Hawfinches (10+), Cirl Buntings (2), Great and Blue Tits and few more species were present and gave us excellent views.

After that stop we kept driving and after we passed A. Porroya we had some brilliant views of the lake and the plain from higher up.



During our drive we had Coal Tit (1) and some of the usual passerines. Finally after some time and while enjoying the forest and the landscape we reached our birding spot which was at 1000m above sea level. There, we had some new species for our tour: Treecreepers (2), Nuthatches (3) plus some of the species we had previously, Black Redstart (1), Greenfinches, many Great Tits and few Blue Tits, Long tailed Tits, Grey Wagtail and few more.

Not long after our arrival we had rain arrive and we decided to get in the car and have our lunch there. Afterwards we started to drive back and at our next stop while driving down we had at least a couple of Bramblings, Willow Tits (3), Chiffchaff, Long tailed Tits, Grey headed and Green Woodpecker were calling but never showed up.

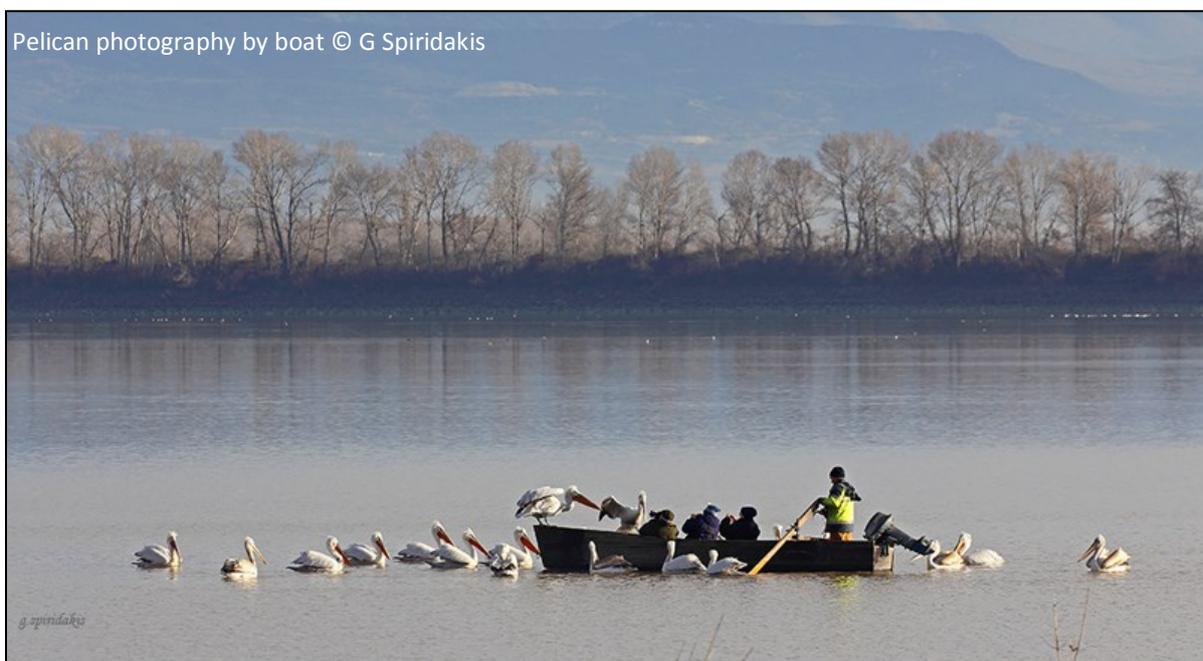
After that stop on the way down we had at least 2 Rock Buntings as well. The sky was covered with dark clouds and only at some points we could see the sun beams reaching the ground and providing nice views before we reached the level of the lake.

In the fields near Livadia we had some biggish flocks of passerines feeding on the ground. Most of them were Spanish Sparrows (200+) with few Tree Sparrows among them and a good number of Corn Buntings (100+).

Last stop of the day was Mandraki harbour were we had Greylag Geese (36), Bewick's Swans (6), Greater White Fronted Geese, Green Sandpiper, many Avocets, Lapwings, Shelducks, Shovelers, Pintails and Flamingos in the distance plus a nice female Hen Harrier.

### **Day 5, Wednesday 13<sup>th</sup> January**

Today we started the day, at the usual time, by visiting the Pelican place and going for our first boat trip. The 3 guests went for the boat trip especially for the Pelican photography session while I was waiting for them at the shore. When the boat trip was over we had a quick coffee at Thomas the fisherman's place with Thomas and Nikos and after that we drove to the eastern bank.



At the eastern bank we hoped for closer views of the Lesser White fronted Geese and some more species we didn't see the first day. We managed to see the LWF Geese flock again, feeding at a moderate distance. Apart from those we saw again the Greater White fronted Geese, 8 Ruddy Shelducks, 3 Greater Spotted Eagles, 8 Common Cranes feeding in the fields, Avocets and Lapwings, 7 Spoonbills, 24 Mute Swans and many Yellow billed Swans are only some of the many species present there.

After the dyke we moved north east to the foothills of Belles mountain visiting an old quarry area. The plan was to combine birdwatching with lunch time. Unfortunately soon after our arrival we had rain again that forced us to have the lunch in the car. The rain didn't look to stop soon so we decided to move to the cafe at Vironia. Some time later the rain stopped and the sun was partly out again.

It was then that we decided to move again back to the old quarry to see if we will would be more lucky this time. Fortunately we were and we enjoyed a couple of Rock Nuthatches, a couple of Sombre Tits with both species providing excellent views. Along with these, Rock and Cirl Buntings were present, Hawfinches, Siskins and few more species.

Last stop of the day was at some marshes near Vironia where we had very good views of males: Grey headed, Great Spotted and Lesser Spotted Woodpeckers.

#### **Day 6, Thursday 14<sup>th</sup> January**

Today we visited Axios Delta and Kalohori lagoons at the coast, west of Thessaloniki. First place was Axios coast and delta area, where we saw a number of waders and water birds: Black necked Grebes (20+), Red-breasted Merganser (1), Little White Egret (1), Dunlins (30+), Common Sandpiper (1), Common Snipes (3), Redshanks, Spotted Redshanks (6), Greenshanks, Grey Plovers, Curlews, Green Sandpiper (1), Slender billed Gull (1), Kingfishers (2) etc.

Other noticeable species were: Greater Spotted Eagle (1), Hen Harriers (2f), Marsh Harriers (5+), Sparrowhawks (2), Meadow Pipits, Goldcrests (2), Serins (5), Stonechats (2) and in the corn fields of Axios river area we saw over 1000 Corn Buntings and 1500+ Spanish Sparrows.



At mid day we moved to Kalohori lagoons area. Just before our lunch we went to a nearby area to see some Long-eared Owls at their roost site. At least 4 birds were present and we had some good views of them. We had our lunch and coffee in the town (at the square), while a Grey Wagtail kept our interest for birding activity.

Next place to visit was the lagoon area, which is always interesting bird wise and gave us some more species: Dalmatian pelicans (5), Mediterranean Gulls (4), Common Gull (1), Avocets (9), Black-winged Stilts (4), Dunlins (40+), Common Sandpiper (1), Green Sandpiper (1), Common Snipes (2), Grey Plovers, Redshanks, Greenshanks, Curlews, Marsh Harriers (10+), Sparrowhawk (1), Little

White Egrets (4), Black-necked Grebes (40+), Crested and Little Grebes, Little Owls (2), Kingfishers (6+), Crested Larks and Water Pipits, Reed Buntings and some more passerines. Flamingos and some duck species (Shelduck, Shoveler, Pintail, Teal, Wigeon, Mallard) were also present in good numbers.

By late afternoon our birding day was over and we set up for the return with some accompanying music while driving, after we had some compromise between the ladies, Peter and I about the choice of music.

### **Day 7, Friday 15<sup>th</sup> January**

The penultimate day of our tour so we decided to have our last (the one on program) boat trip because the weather forecast was not looking very good for the final day. So after our breakfast we visited once again the pelican site where Thomas and Nikos were waiting for us.

This time I joined the boat trip which at first included a cruise towards the dam where we approached some fishermen while they were working and more than 100 Dalmatian Pelicans and few White Pelicans (4 immature) surrounded them waiting to get some remaining fish. After that very nice meeting and view we kept on with the cruise and during that we saw at least 2 Caspian Gulls in relatively close range so to be possible to identify them. The second part of the tour had the pelican photography section where about 20 Dalmatian Pelicans were following our boat to get some fish.



At the end of the boat trip we felt a bit cold so we decided to visit Thomas's hut to get some hot coffee and some heat from his stove. The small and frugal hut felt spacious and very comfortable because of Thomas's hospitality and the positive atmosphere in there. Thomas, Nikos, me, Cynthia, Elizabeth, Peter and a lady from Belgium (if I remember right) had a very nice time together there especially after the enjoyment of the boat trip.

After that pleasant morning and despite the overcast weather we set off towards Kerkini village. A stop by the lake on the way gave us some big mixed flocks of some hundreds of Chaffinches, Linnets (50+), Goldfinches (50+), Cirl Buntings (4), Reed Buntings, Tree Sparrows (50+), at least 1 Brambling, Starlings, Water Pipits (20+), White Wagtails and others. By the lake we had Common Snipes (5),

Flamingos and some duck species.

That productive site made us feel hungry and the lunch time had passed by already. So we drove to Kerkini village where we had our lunch and coffee at a local cafe.

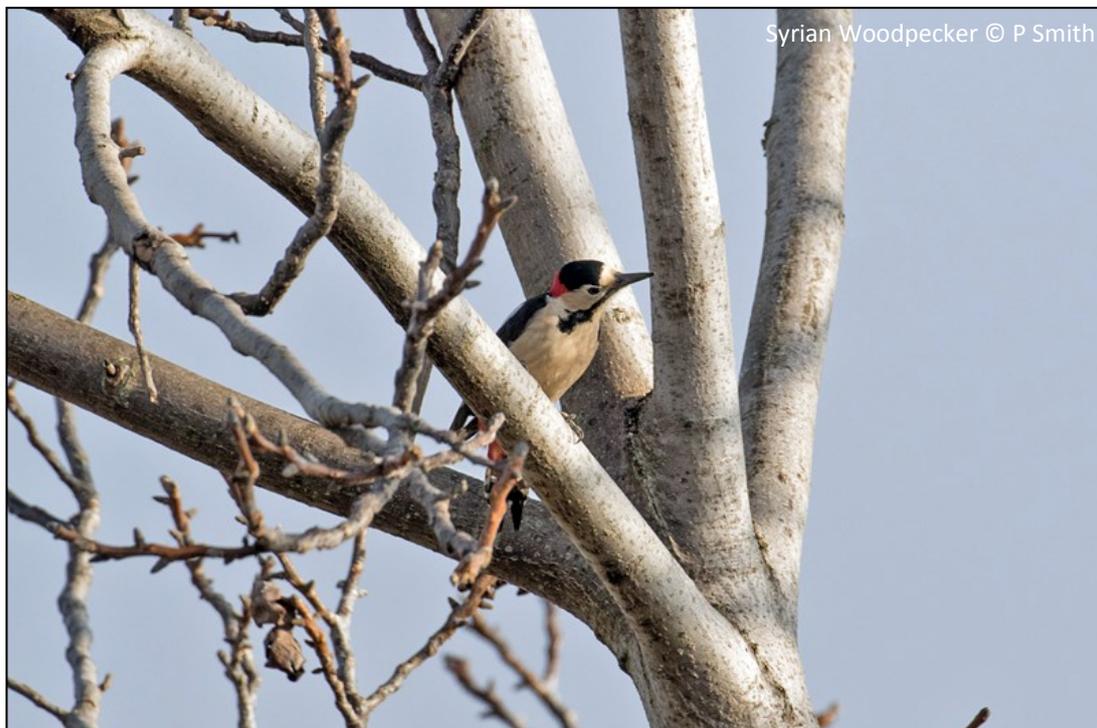
After that we drove part of the western bank to see some more species: Goldeneyes (40+), Black necked Grebes (50+), big flocks with Pochards and Shovelers, Avocets, 1 Common Gull, 1 female Hen Harrier and more.

The sky was still quite overcast and it was pretty cold, but since we had some time we decided to visit the valley north of Sidirokastro to see both the beautiful landscape and some more species. Unfortunately we were not very lucky with the target species and we saw just a few birds, among them the most noteworthy to be mentioned were Rock Nuthatch (1) and Black Redstart (1).

That was the last stop of the day before we headed to the hotel.

### **Day 8, Saturday 16<sup>th</sup> January**

The last day of our tour and it was raining all over and non stop unfortunately. We didn't really have hopes for some passerines we didn't see and areas we didn't visit, so we went to the north east dyke of the lake. There we had some waterbirds at least, some of those were: Flamingos, Ferruginous Ducks (3), Smews (2f), Gadwalls and other species we had the previous days of course.



After the dyke we visited upper Strimonas valley where we had some more passerines: Crested Larks (25+), Skylark, Corn Buntings, Chaffinches and Goldfinches, Water Pipits and White Wagtails, Syrian Woodpecker (1m) etc.

Lunch time was close so I decided that since the weather wasn't great we should drive up to

Aggistro at a nice coffee shop, to see the beautiful scenery and have our lunch in a warm place. Of course we also had a nice warm coffee with our lunch. Afterwards we moved back towards the lake again.

On the way we decided that the weather was not good to continue for a full day so we said let's go the dam side to have a last look at the pelicans and after that to go back to the hotel earlier to prepare our stuff for the airport. And that happened. At the dam site we saw in a close range the majestic Dalmatian Pelicans with their breeding plumage feeding naturally with their characteristic



Dalmatian Pelican Portrait © P Smith

way as well as 4 adults White Pelicans with their also impressive and intense rosy tint.

At the end of the day and although the weather was a bit depressive, the Pelicans counterbalanced the situation and left us with positive feeling and thoughts.

After that last stop we went back to the hotel, got ready with our luggage, did the appropriate greeting to Nikos and his parents and left to Thessaloniki. When we arrived to the chaotic city firstly we dropped the 2 ladies at their hotel and then drove to the airport where I dropped Peter.

The tour was over and I believe all of us enjoyed the time we had together and all the wonderful birds that can be seen at Lake Kerkini.

**Footnote:**

A total of 123 bird species were seen on the holiday and Cetti's Warbler, Penduline Tit and Water rail were heard, thus an overall total of 126 recorded species. Not all species were seen by every guest but that said, most of the group should have seen around 110 or so bird species and enjoyed some tremendous views of birds such as the Hawfinches, Dalmatian Pelicans and Pochards as well as the spectacle of mixed flocks of thousands of Sparrows interspersed with Corn Buntings.

**Acknowledgements:**

Greenwings would like to thank all the guests on this trip for their wonderful support, good humour and enthusiasm throughout the holiday, and also for their help in compiling species lists and for the use of their photographs. Special thanks must also go to George for his expert guiding and Nikos for his wonderful hospitality.

**Gallery and species lists overleaf**

# Gallery

Boating on Lake Kerkini © G Spiridakis





Morning on the lake © P Smith



Pelican conference © P Smith



Coming in to land © P Smith



Dalmatian Pelican up close © P Smith



Coypu on the lake © P Smith



Coypu on the lake © P Smith



Pygmy Cormorant © P Smith



Black-necked Grebe © P Smith

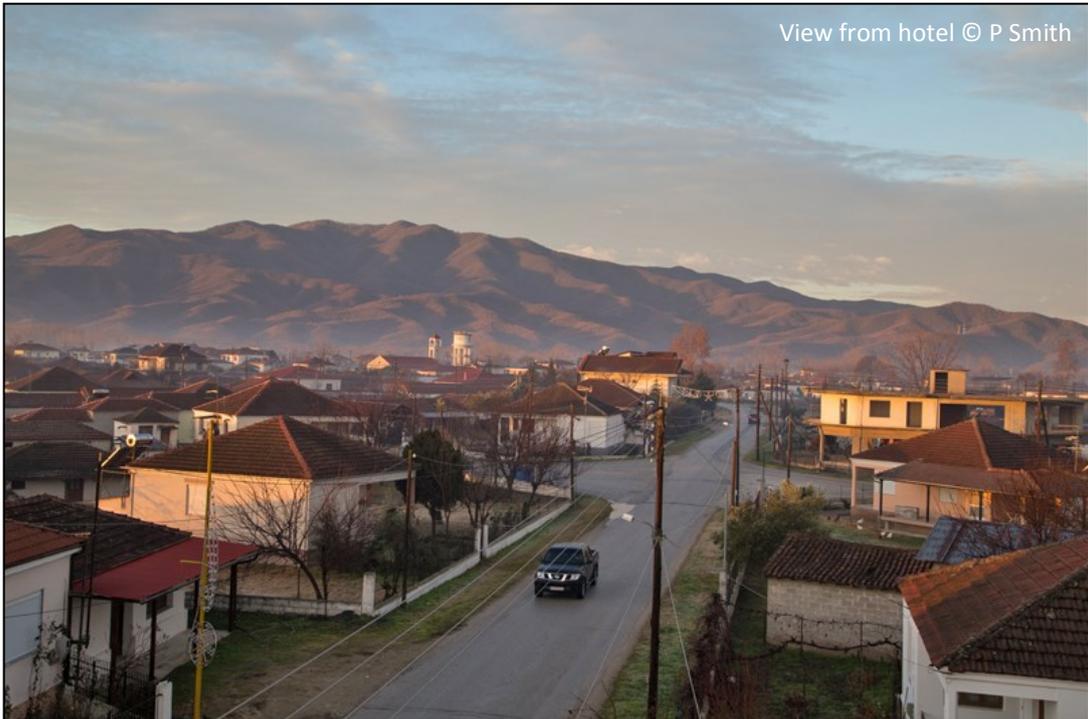


Dalmatian Pelican on the boat © P Smith

George on the boat © G Bressani



View from hotel © P Smith



Species list - Winter Birds of Lake Kerkini, January 9th - 16th 2016			
	Grebes	<b>Family - Podicipedidae</b>	
1	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>	✓
2	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	✓
3	Great-crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	✓
	Pelicans	<b>Family - Pelecanidae</b>	
4	Great White Pelican	<i>Pelecanus onocrotalus</i>	✓
5	Dalmatian Pelican	<i>Pelecanus crispus</i>	✓
	Cormorants	<b>Family - Phalacrocoracidae</b>	
6	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	✓
7	Pygmy Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo pygmeus</i>	✓
	Hérons	<b>Family - Ardeidae</b>	
8	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	✓
9	Great White Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>	✓
10	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	✓
	Storks	<b>Family - Ciconiidae</b>	
11	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	✓
	Spoonbills and Ibises	<b>Family - Threskiomithidae</b>	
12	Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	✓
	Flamingos	<b>Family - Phoenicopteridae</b>	
13	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	✓
	Swans, ducks and geese	<b>Family - Anatidae</b>	
14	Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	✓
15	Whooper Swan	<i>Cygnus Cygnus</i>	✓
16	Bewick's Swan	<i>Cygnus columbianus</i>	✓
17	White-fronted Goose	<i>Anser albifrons</i>	✓
18	Lesser white-fronted Goose	<i>Anser erythropus</i>	✓
19	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	✓
20	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	✓
21	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	✓
22	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓
23	Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>	✓
24	Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>	✓
25	Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	✓
26	Wigeon	<i>Anas Penelope</i>	✓
27	Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	✓
28	Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	✓

29	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>	✓
30	Ferruginous duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>	✓
31	Tufted duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	✓
32	Goldeneye	<i>Bucephala clangula</i>	✓
33	Smew	<i>Mergellus albellus</i>	✓
34	Goosander	<i>Mergus merganser</i>	✓
35	Red-breasted Merganser	<i>Mergus serrator</i>	✓
	<b>Hawks and eagles</b>	<b>Family - Accipitridae</b>	
36	Greater Spotted Eagle	<i>Aquila clanga</i>	✓
37	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	✓
38	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	✓
39	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	✓
40	Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>	✓
41	Northern Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>	✓
	<b>Falcons and allies</b>	<b>Family - falconidae</b>	
42	Kestrel	<i>Falco tinunculus</i>	✓
43	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	✓
	<b>Rails</b>	<b>Family - Rallidae</b>	
44	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>	✓ heard
45	Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	✓
46	Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	✓
	<b>Cranes</b>	<b>Family - Gruidae</b>	
47	Common Crane	<i>Grus grus</i>	✓
	<b>Avocets</b>	<b>Family - Recurvirostridae</b>	
48	Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	✓
49	Black-winged stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓
	<b>Plovers</b>	<b>Family - Charadriidae</b>	
50	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	✓
51	Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	✓
	<b>Sandpipers and allies</b>	<b>Family - Scolopacidae</b>	
52	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>	✓
53	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	✓
54	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	✓
55	Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	✓
56	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	✓

57	Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	✓
58	Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>	✓
59	Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	✓
	<b>Gulls and Terns</b>	<b>Family - Laridae</b>	
60	Black-headed gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	✓
61	Slender-billed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus genei</i>	✓
62	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Ichthyaeus melanocephalus</i>	✓
63	Common Gull	<i>Larus canus</i>	✓
64	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michalellis</i>	✓
65	Caspian Gull	<i>Larus cachinans</i>	✓
66	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>	✓
	<b>Pigeons and Doves</b>	<b>Family - Columbidae</b>	
67	Woodpigeon	<i>Columba palumba</i>	✓
68	Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓
	<b>Owls</b>	<b>Family - Strigidae</b>	
69	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>	✓
70	Long-eared owl	<i>Asio otus</i>	✓
	<b>Kingfishers</b>	<b>Family - Alcedinidae</b>	
71	Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	✓
	<b>Woodpeckers</b>	<b>Family - Picidae</b>	
72	Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>	✓
73	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopus major</i>	✓
74	Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopus minor</i>	✓
75	Syrian Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopus syriacus</i>	✓
76	Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>	✓
	<b>Larks</b>	<b>Family - Alaudidae</b>	
77	Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	✓
78	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓
	<b>Pipits and wagtails</b>	<b>Family - Motacillidae</b>	
79	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>	✓
80	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>	✓
81	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓
82	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	✓
	<b>Wrens</b>	<b>Family - Troglodytidae</b>	
83	Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>	✓
	<b>Chats and thrushes</b>	<b>Family - Turdidae</b>	
84	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>	✓

85	Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	✓
86	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	✓
87	Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>	✓
88	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	✓
89	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>	✓
90	Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓
	Sylvia warblers	<b>Family - Sylviidae</b>	
91	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	✓ heard
	Leaf warblers	<b>Family - Phylloscopidae</b>	
92	Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	✓
	Kinglets	<b>Family - Regulidae</b>	
93	Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>	✓
	Titmice	<b>Family - Paridae</b>	
94	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓
95	Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	✓
96	Willow Tit	<i>Poecile montanus</i>	✓
97	Sombre Tit	<i>Parus lugubris</i>	✓
98	Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>	✓
	Bush Tits/Long-tailed Tits	<b>Family - Aegithalidae</b>	
99	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>	✓
	Penduline Tits	<b>Family - Remizidae</b>	
100	Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>	✓
	Nuthatches	<b>Family - Sittidae</b>	
101	Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europea</i>	✓
102	Rock Nuthatch	<i>Sitta neumayer</i>	✓
	Treecreepers	<b>Family - Certhidae</b>	
103	Eurasian Treecreeper	<i>Certhia familiaris</i>	✓
	Shrikes	<b>Family - Laniidae</b>	
104	Great Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius excubitor</i>	✓
	Crows	<b>Family - Corvidae</b>	
105	Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓
106	Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	✓
107	Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	✓
108	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	✓

109	Rook	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>	✓
110	Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	✓
	<b>Starlings</b>	<b>Family - Sturnidae</b>	
111	Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	✓
	<b>Old World Sparrows</b>	<b>Family - Passeridae</b>	
112	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓
113	Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	✓
114	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	✓
	<b>Finches</b>	<b>Family - Fringillidae</b>	
115	Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓
116	Brambling	<i>Fringilla montifringilla</i>	✓
117	Linnet	<i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	✓
118	Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓
119	Siskin	<i>Carduelis spinus</i>	✓
120	Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>	✓
121	Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓
122	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes Coccothraustes</i>	✓
	<b>Buntings</b>	<b>Family - Emberizidae</b>	
123	Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	✓
124	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>	✓
125	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>	✓
126	Corn Bunting	<i>Miliaria calandra</i>	✓
	<b>Mammals</b>		
1	Coypu	<i>Myocastor coypus</i>	✓